Printe	d Page	·
		Roll. No:
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N	NOID!	A INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA
		(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow) B.Tech
		SEM: VI - THEORY EXAMINATION (20 20)
		Subject: Digital Forensics
Time	e: 3 H	Max. Marks: 100
		tructions:
		that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.
		stion paper comprises of three Sections -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.
		neg s) & subjective type questions. n marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question.
		your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
4. Assi	ume s	uitable data if necessary.
•		ly, write the answers in sequential order.
		should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be
evalua	ited/ci	hecked.
SECT	TON	A 20
	empt a	all parts:-
1-a.	_	type of data disappears when power is lost?(CO1,K2)
	(a)	Static data
	(b)	Persistent data
	(c)	Volatile data
	(d)	Archived data
1-b.	Li	ive forensics is performed on:(CO1,K2)
	(a)	Dead systems
	(b)	Backup images
	(c)	Running systems
	(d)	Virtual machines
1-c.		is a legal principle in forensics?(CO2,K2)
	(a)	Chain of custody
	(b)	Metadata hiding
	(c)	Data compression
	(d)	File shredding
1-d.	W	7rite blockers are used to:(CO2,K2)
	(a)	Prevent alteration of data during acquisition
	(b)	Recover deleted data
	(c)	Encrypt drives

	(d)	Copy data faster		
1-e.	P	urpose of Using Faraday Bags(CO3,K2)	1	
	(a)	Enhancing signal strength		
	(b)	Preventing data transmission		
	(c)	Charging devices securely		
	(d)	Cooling overheated devices		
1-f.	File System Acquisition Provides(CO3,K1)		1	
	(a)	Access to only user-installed applications		
	(b)	Limited data from the device		
	(c)	Comprehensive access to system and app files		
	(d)	Only metadata information		
1-g.	Recall a key method used in capturing network traffic.(CO4,K2)			
	(a)	Packet sniffing		
	(b)	Encryption		
	(c)	Packet flooding		
	(d)	Data masking		
1-h.	Identify the OSI layer where most forensic analysis takes place.(CO4,K1)			
	(a)	Layer 1		
	(b)	Layer 7		
	(c)	Layer 3		
	(d)	Layer 5		
1-i.	\mathbf{N}	Match blockchain with its primary forensic use.(CO5,K1)		
	(a)	Data storage		
	(b)	Access control		
	(c)	Evidence verification		
	(d)	Network analysis		
1-j.	List one use of AI in forensic investigations.(CO5,K1)			
	(a)	Device repair		
	(b)	Pattern recognition		
	(c)	Malware creation		
	(d)	Power management		
2. Att	empt a	all parts:-		
2.a.	St	tate one legal consideration when seizing digital evidence(CO1,K1)	2	
2.b.	D	refine a forensic report?(CO2,K1)	2	
2.c.	D	escribe the significance of call logs in mobile forensics.(CO3,K1)	2	
2.d.	D	efine the term "network forensics" and list its key goals.(CO4,K1)	2	
2.e.	L	ist the tools commonly used in IoT Forensics(CO5,K1)	2	

SECT	<u>ION-B</u>	30
3. Ans	wer any <u>five</u> of the following:-	
3-a.	Explain three categories of digital evidence with examples(CO1,K2)	6
3-b.	Discuss the ethical responsibilities of a digital forensic examiner.(CO1,K2)	6
3-c.	Discuss metadata artifacts, and how can they aid an investigation?(CO2,K1)	6
3-d.	Discuss why documentation necessary at each phase of forensic investigation?(CO2,K2)	6
3.e.	Describe the process involved in mobile data acquisition.(CO3,K2)	6
3.f.	Recall two packet sniffing tools & explain them(CO4,K1)	6
3.g.	Explain the importance of securing digital evidence in Cloud environments(CO5,K2)	6
SECT	ION-C	50
4. Ans	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
4-a.	Describe in detail the digital forensic process model with real-world examples.(CO1,K2)	10
4-b.	Discuss legal frameworks (e.g., GDPR, ECPA, IT Act) applicable to digital forensics.(CO1,K2)	10
5. Ans	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
5-a.	You are forensic expert you gathered digital evidences for court. Explain the types of digital evidence, their classification, and admissibility in court (CO2, K3)	10
5-b.	You are forensic officer there is a malware in memory. What forensics you will use. Describe in detail the methods and tools used for that forensics. (CO2,K3)	10
6. Ans	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
6-a.	As a Forensic expert explain the best practices for preserving the integrity of digital evidence in mobile forensics(CO3,K3)	10
6-b.	As a Forensic expert, discuss the role of mobile forensics in providing digital evidence for legal proceedings.(CO3,K3)	10
7. Ans	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
7-a.	As a Forensic expert ,analyze how metadata can be used to infer user behavior in a network(CO4,K3)	10
7-b.	As a forensic expert ,categorize and describe the different phases of a network forensic investigation.(CO4,K3)	10
8. Ans	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
8-a.	As a Forensic expert ,discuss the key challenges involved in the investigation of cloud-based crimes and how they can be addressed(CO5,K3)	10
8-b.	As a Forensic expert Analyze the legal implications of using AI and ML in Forensic investigations.(CO5.K3)	10